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 $RSO-5^{TM}$ Portable Survey Meter

Technical Manual

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ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS STANDARD WARRANTY

Instruments and options manufactured by Bicron are warranted against defects in materials and work-manship for a period of two years from the date of shipment, unless otherwise agreed upon by Bicron and the customer.

Bicron's obligation with regard to such products shall be limited to repair or replacement, FOB Bicron factory or authorized repair station, at Bicron's option.

The calibration (when applicable) for each instrument is warranted to be within its specified accuracy at the time of shipment. If this initial calibration is determined to be in error, the instrument will be recalibrated at no charge, provided it is returned as described above.

The aforesaid warranty does not cover instruments, options or probes which are subject to excessive physical abuse or are used for purposes other than those intended. In no event shall Bicron be liable for consequential or special damages, transportation, installation, adjustment, work done by customer or other expenses which may arise in connection with such defective product or parts.

EXCLUSION OF LIMITED WARRANTY

THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTIBILITY OR FITNESS, WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION OF THE FACE HEREOF. THIS EXPRESS WARRANTY EXCLUDES COVERAGE OF AND DOES NOT PROVIDE RELIEF FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND OR NATURE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOSS OF USE, LOSS OF SALES OR INCONVENIENCE. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE PURCHASER IS LIMITED TO REPAIR, RECALIBRATION, OR REPLACEMENT OF THE INSTRUMENT AT BICRON'S OPTION.

This warranty specifically excludes the following items which are covered by their original manufacturers' warranties: photomultiplier tubes, GM and proportional tubes, crystal and other solid-state detectors, and batteries.

BICRON CORPORATION Electronic Products

PROCEDURES AND CAUTIONS

The equipment herein described is designed and manufactured in compliance with all applicable safety standards. Nevertheless, certain hazards are inherent in the use of electronic and radiometric equipment.

Adequate warnings are included in the manual and on the product itself to cover hazards that may be encountered in normal use and servicing of this equipment. No other procedures are warranted by Bicron.

It shall be the owner's or user's responsibility to see to it that the procedures herein are meticulously followed, and especially that the warning and cautionary notes are heeded.

Failure on the part of the user in any way to follow the prescribed procedures shall absolve Bicron and its agents from any resulting liability.

This instrument is intended solely for the detection and measurement of ionizing radiation. It should be used only by persons who have been trained in the proper interpretation of its readings and the appropriate safety procedures to be followed in the presence of radiation.

All instructions and warnings contained in this manual or on the instrument must be read before use and must be strictly followed. Failure to follow these instructions and warnings may result in inaccurate readings and/or user hazard.

Indicated battery and other operational tests must be performed prior to each use to assure that the instrument is functioning properly.

The carrying case contains a radioactive check source (8 microcuries of ¹³⁷Cs) which is exempt from NRC or agreement state licensing requirements.

This radioactive material is not for human use. Introduction into foods, beverages, cosmetics, drugs or medicinals or into products manufactured for commercial distribution is prohibited.

Wipe tests should be performed if the surface of the source has been damaged. Alcohol may be used for cleaning or wiping the source. Avoid acetone or similar strong solvents.

CAUTIONS

The radioactive material should be handled only by trained individuals in conformance with 10 CFR requirements: Navy Shore RADIAC Calibration Laboratories are the only agents authorized to remove the radioactive sources from this Navy equipment. Tampering with radioactive sources is prohibited.

Failure to conduct periodic performance tests in accordance with ANSI N323-1978, Paragraphs 4.6 and 5.4, and to keep records thereof in accordance with Paragraph 4.5 of the same standard, could result in erroneous reading of potential danger. ANSI N323-1978 becomes, by this reference, a part of this operating procedure.

INSPECTION

Instruments should be examined and tested as soon as received. Claims for transportation damages, if any, should be filed at once with the delivery carrier.

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1.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Bicron RSO-5TM model is an ergonomically designed survey meter which embodies state-of-the-art electronics and a unique concept in rugged construction.

The instrument features an ion chamber detector, wide-view meter, beta, gamma and X-ray detection, 0-5000 mR/h, and simple ion chamber desiccant maintenance.

1.1 SPECIFICATIONS

RADIATION DETECTED: beta, gamma and

х-гау

DETECTOR: Air-filled ionization chamber vented to atmosphere through silica gel desiccant RANGE: 0-5000 mR/h in 4 linear ranges

ACCURACY: Within +/- 5% of full scale ENERGY RESPONSE: +/- 20% from 12 keV to 7 MeV

WARMUP TIME: None

RESPONSE TIME: Approx. 5 sec., 0-90% of

final reading

TEMPERATURE: Operational from -40°C to

+60°C

HUMIDITY: <5% change in reading from 10-95% RH

RF SENSITIVITY: Unaffected by radar fields

up to 20 mW/cm²

BATTERY COMPLEMENT: One, 9-volt MN1604 or equal (the additional battery holder may be used as storage of spare or parallel-wired)

BATTERY LIFE: > 100 hours or > 200 hours

with parallel option

COLLECTION POTENTIAL: 12 volts, provided by four permanently installed energy cells (life expectancy > 5 years)

COLLECTION POTENTIAL TEST: Exclusive self-test to verify proper ion chamber collection

potential

CONTROLS: Seven-position rotary switch marked off, bat., zero, 5000, 500, 50, 5 mR/h; protected zero adjustment knob; top-mounted calibration pots under removable cover.

DISPLAY: Ruggedized, recessed, high-torque 1 mA meter with 3.35 inch (8.51 cm) scale marked 0-5, 'Bat.ok'. Meter protected

by impact-resistant Lexan^R polycarbonate window

GEOTROPISM: Within +/- 2% of full scale SHOCK: 100g per lightweight machine of MIL-STD 202C, method 202B VIBRATION:5g in each of three mutually

orthogonal axes at one or more frequencies from 10-33Hz

CONSTRUCTION: Splash-proof, shockproof, two-piece all-metal case. Scratch-resistant laminated control panel and Bicron Kleen-Krome^R trim on case top, durable black polyure-thane painted handle and case bottom, chrome-plated steel clips for optional shoulder strap.

Ion chamber volume is approx. 200 cm³; ion chamber made of 200 mg/cm² phenolic.

Window is 7 mg/cm² mylar. Positive lock sliding beta shield is 400 mg/cm² phenolic.

SIZE: 4.25" X 8" X 8" including handle (10.8 X

20.4 X 20.4 cm)

WEIGHT: 3.1 lbs. (1.4 kg)

OPTION: Over-the-shoulder type carrying strap

2.0 BATTERY INSTALLATION

BATTERY TYPE: 9-volt Mallory MN1604 or equivalent.

PROCEDURE:

1. Turn instrument off.

2. Open pull catches at ends of case and separate case bottom from top.

3. Install battery in clip on bottom circuit board, (clip for spare battery is so marked), observing proper polarity.

4. Replace bottom, orienting rubber pad under

battery; close catches.

PARALLEL-WIRED OPTION: Instruments with this option have both battery clips wired into the circuit. Installing a second battery thus provides approximately twice the operational hours of one battery. Only one battery is needed to power the instrument, however.

2.1 BATTERY TEST

Turn control switch to the "bat." position; a meter reading within the "bat. OK" range should be observed. This test allows monitoring of the condition of the battery.

2.2 COLLECTION POTENTIAL TEST

The ion chamber collection potential is also checked when the control switch is in "bat.". The meter needle will oscillate in an obvious manner and not come to rest in the "bat. OK" range if the proper

collection potential is not being supplied to the ion chamber, regardless of the condition of the 9V main battery.

Note: The collection potential energy cells do not normally require replacement or maintenance, due to the relatively insignificant drain imposed by the ion chamber itself. Each can be replaced by the user, however, if rendered unusable for some reason (accidental damage, etc.).

3.0 RADIATION MEASUREMENTS

To make a radiation measurement:

- 1. Turn the control switch to "zero" and zero the meter using the zero adjustment knob.
- 2. Turn the control switch to one of the four linear ranges. Due to the sensitivity of the ion chamber to transient switching noise, the meter will normally deflect momentarily when the 5 mR/h range is selected.
- 3. When surveying for medium to high energy gammas or X-rays, slide the positive-lock beta shield closed to protect the mylar window. Radiation incident on the front, sides and bottom of the case will be detected.
- 4. When surveying for betas or low energy gammas or X-rays, slide the beta shield open and orient the instrument so that radiation is incident on the exposed window. Note that the end of the shield protrudes beyond the end of the case bottom when fully opened.

*****CAUTION****

An external source of ionizing radiation of the type the instrument was designed to measure must be used to determine proper operation of this instrument.

3.1 CALIBRATION

The instrument is normally calibrated with ¹³⁷Cs gamma rays. Recalibration is required after servicing and at regular intervals specified by appropriate regulatory agencies.

The unit is placed in a known radiation field in the appropriate fixed geometry. The center of the ion chamber is indicated by markings on the case bottom to aid in achieving correct orientation.

The calibration controls are located under a splashproof cover on the top panel. Loosening the single thumbscrew and removing the cover provides access to the controls. The controls themselves are designed to be splash-proof.

A detailed calibration procedure is part of the Q.C. Acceptance Procedure found elsewhere in this manual. Note that the calibration performed provides the instrument with an accuracy well within the +/- 5% of full scale accuracy specification.

4.0 IONIZATION CHAMBER

The ion chamber used in the RSO-5 is essentially a phenolic cylinder with one end sealed with an aluminized mylar film and the other sealed against the housing for the electronic amplifier. The inside of the cylinder is conductive so that it can carry the negative potential. A collector plate is suspended within the cylinder. The chamber is air-filled and vented to the atmosphere through a silica gel desiccant.

This assembly is mounted to the main circuit board and oriented so that the chamber window is aligned with the aluminized mylar window in the case bottom. Note that the case bottom and top can go together only one way because of the alignment.

Total density of the two mylar windows is 7 mg/cm². These windows are designed to be easily replaced by the user in the event of accidental damage.

4.1 ELECTRONIC AMPLIFIER

This section of the ion chamber assembly amplifies the current generated in the chamber to provide a meter reading. Due to the amplifier's extreme sensitivity, it can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.

Since such damage is not covered by the warranty on the instrument, it is recommended that the ion chamber amplifier section be serviced (should it require servicing) only by a qualified technician.

4.2 CAM AND ARM ASSEMBLY

This assembly controls operating range selection by positioning the permanent magnet mounted on the arm properly around magnetic reed switches. Set screws on the cam are user-adjustable, although the factory settings will not normally require adjustment.

4.3 ION CHAMBER DESICCANT SYSTEM

The air-filled ionization chamber is vented to the atomosphere through the amplifier section. Because of the sensitivity of the chamber, leakage currents can be easily set up by small amounts of moisture within the chamber. To keep this moisture to a minimum, the chamber vent is connected to a desiccant system.

The desiccant used is an indicating type of silica gel. At the first sign of pink coloration in the normally blue-colored crystals, remove the crystals, dry them at 200°F for 24 hours, and return them to their container. For immediate use, replace the "used" desiccant with new or previously dried desiccant.

If the desiccant is allowed to become saturated, leakage currents may develop and the instrument may produce erratic readings. The chamber air will then have to be dried by flushing it over fresh desiccant to restore proper operation. This is accomplished by heating the instrument to around 140°F and cooling to room temperature several times after the saturated desiccant has been dried or replaced.

The design of the system is such that removal and replacement of the desiccant is a relatively simple operation. Access to the crystal is gained through a snap-off/snap-on cap. The container is held securely by its clip but can be quickly taken out and put back in. The tube can be separated from and put back on its fittings in simple fashion.

5.0 CORRECTION FACTORS

Since the operation of the ion chamber is affected by air density, correction factors may have to be applied to readings obtained when the instrument is used at temperatures and/or pressures significantly different from those at which the instrument was calibrated. In practice, these factors are significant mainly at the extremes of temperature and pressure.

The correction factors for temperature are found in Table C-2; those for pressure (altitude) are found in Table C-1.

TABLE C-1

CORRECTION FACTORS FOR TEMPERATURE

CALIBRATION TEMPERATURE

				-T-	т-		Τ-				1	,		, ,		1	 -1			₇	
	09	140	5	: =	7	27.	.,	.78	8.	.82	.83	.85	.87	.88	.90	.92	.93	.95	.97	.98	.1.00
	54.4	1.30	17	.7.	.75	.76	87.	. 80	. 91	.83	.85	.86	. 88	.90	.92	.93	\$6,	٠6.	.93	1.00	1.02
	48.9			7.4	.76	.78	.79	.81	.83	.85	.86	.88	.90	.91	.93	.95	.97	.98	1.00	1.02	1.03
	43.3	011	.74	.75	11.	.79	18:	.82	.84	.86	.87	. 89	.91	.93	.95	96.	. 98	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.05
	37.8	100	.75	1.	97.	8.	.82	.84	98.	.87	.89	.91	.93	.95	96.	.98	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.05	1.07
	32.2	.06	37.	.78	8.	.82	.84	.85	.87	.89	.91	.92	.95	96.	.98	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.05	1.07	1.09
	26.7	90	.78	.79	.81	.83	.85	.87	. 89	.91	.93	.94	96.	96.	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.07	1.09	1,11
	21.1	2	.79	18.	.83	.85	.87	68.	.91	.92	.94	96.	.98	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.09	1.11	1,13
ម្ល	15.6	99	18.	.e.	.85	.87	88.	8.	.92	.94	96.	.98	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.10	1.12	1.13	1.15
TEMPERATURE	01	20	.83	.84	.86	. 98	.8.	.92	.94	96.	.98.	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.10	1.12	1.14	1.16	1.18
	4.4	9	.84	.86	.88	8	.92	.93	96.	86.	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.10	1.12	1.14	1,16	1.18	1.20
CALLERATION	-1.1	ñ	.85	.88	.90	.92	.94	96.	96.	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.10	1.12	1.14	1.16	1.18	1.20	1.22
T WELL	-6.7	20	.87	.89	.92	.94	96.	.98	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.10	1.13	1.15	1.17	1.19	1.21	1.23	1.25
	-12.2	2	.89	.92	.94	96.	96.	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.09	1.11	1.13	1.15	1.17	1.19	1.21	1.23	1.26	1.28
İ	-17.8	0	16.	.93	96.	.98	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.07	1.09	1.11	1.13	1.15	1.17	1.20	1.22	1.24	1.26	1.28	1.30
	-23.3	-10	.93	.95	96.	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.07	1.09	1.11	1,13	1.16	1.18	1.20	1.22	1.24	1.27	1.29	1.31	1.33
	-28.9	-20	.95	96,	1.00	1.02	1.05	1.07	1.09	1.11	1.14	1.16	1.18	1.20	1.23	1.25	1.27	1.30	1.32	1.34	1.36
	-34.4	-30	.98	1.00	1.02	1.05	1.07	1.09	1.12	1.14	1.16	1.19	1.21	1.23	1.26	1.28	1.30	1,33	1.35	1.37	1.40
}	-40	-40	1.00	1.02	1.05	1.07	1.10	1.12	1.14	1:17	1.19	1:21	1.24	1.26	1.29	1.31	1,33	1.36	1.38	1.41	1.43
		<u>.</u>	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	.01	.20	8	9	8	9	20	8	90	100	011	120	130	140
-	٠		-40	34.4	28.9	23.3	17.8	12.2	6.7		4.4	01	15.6	21.1	26.7	32.2	37.8	43:3	18.9	54.4	90

METER READING X CORRECTION FACTOR = CORRECTED READING

TABLE C-1

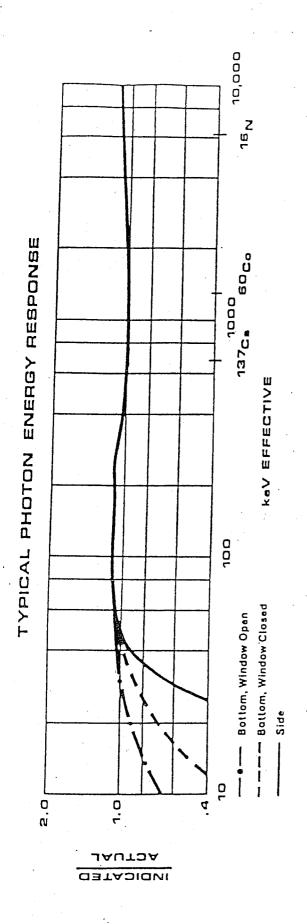
CORRECTION FACTORS FOR ALTITUDE (PRESSURE)

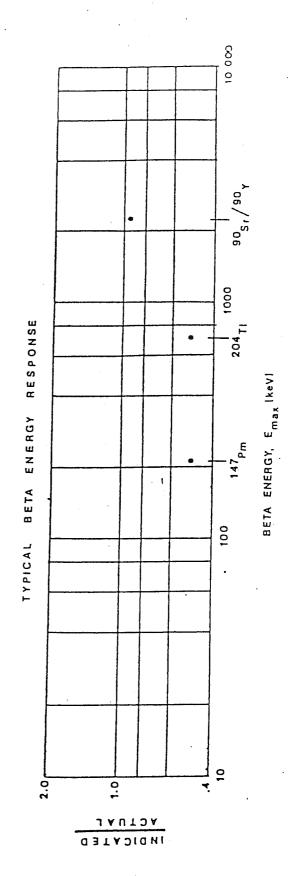
CALIBRATION ALTITUDE

		Sea Level	1000'	2000'	3000'	4000'	5000'	6000'	7000'	8000'
OPERATING ALTITUDE	Sea Level 1000' 2000' 3000' 4000' 5000' 6000' 7000'	1.00 1.04 1.08 1.12 1.16 1.20 1.25 1.30	.96 1.00 1.04 1.08 1.12 1.16 1.20 1.25	.93 .96 1.00 1.04 1.08 1.12 1.16 1.20	.90 .93 .96 1.00 1.04 1.08 1.12	.86 .90 .93 .96 1.00 1.04 1.08 1.16	.83 .86 .90 .93 .96 1.00 1.04 1.08	.80 .83 .86 .90 .93 .96 1.00	.76 .80 .83 .86 .90 .93 .96	.73 .76 .80 .83 .86 .90 .93
9	8000'	1.35	1.30	1.25	1.21	1.21	1.12	1.08	1.04	1.00

METER READING X CORRECTION FACTOR = CORRECTED READING

NOTE: When both temperature and altitude are different from those at which the instrument was calibrated, Corrected Reading = Meter Reading x Temperature Correction Factor x Altitude Correction Factor.





BICRON QC ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE NUMBER 1020930

MODEL: RSO-5™

- 1. Perform visual inspection of finished product.
- 2. Remove all 9V batteries. Connect a power source of 9.30V +/-.05V across the main battery terminals of the battery board. Perform the following tests:
 - a. Turn the control switch to "off". Mechanically zero the meter via the rear zero adjustment screw on the meter barrel.
 - b. Leave the control switch in "off" position and measure the voltage of each energy cell on the ion chamber mounting board. A minimum voltage of 3.0V should be observed on each cell.

Note: The RSO-5 contains 4 energy cells.

- c. Leave the control switch in "off" and disconnect the 9-pin "D" connector from the ion chamber. Turn the control switch to the "bat." position. The meter should oscillate at a rate of about 2 to 5 hertz.
- d. Turn the control switch to "off" and reconnect the 9-pin "D" connector to the ion chamber. Turn the control switch to "bat.". The meter should indicate a "bat. ok" condition within +/- 5% of full scale on the meter.
- e. Leave the control switch in "bat." and measure the -V supply between pins 1 and 11 of the 24-pin header. The supply should be -8.0V or greater (more negative).
- f. Turn the control switch to "zero" and check to see that clockwise rotation of the zero control increases the meter reading. Zero the meter with the control.
- g. Check to see that the reed switch magnet arm is functioning properly, as follows:
 - 1. off, bat., zero positions: arm with magnet should be to the right side of the chamber.
 - 2. 5000 mR/h, 500 mR/h positions: arm with magnet should be to the <u>left</u> side of the chamber.
 - 3. 50 mR/h. 5 mR/h positions: arm with magnet should be in the center of the chamber.

Adjust the set screws on the cam as required to insure proper reed switch magnet arm action.

- 3. Perform the following isotopic calibration:
 - a. Turn the control switch to "5000 mR/h" and position the unit so that the ion chamber is in the appropriate fixed geometry in a known ¹³⁷Cs radiation field. (Note: Make sure that the entire chamber is being irradiated.)
 - b. Expose the unit to the proper field intensity (listed in Table T-1) required to calibrate the unit at 80% of full scale.

- c. Adjust R5 (5000 mR/h calibration pot) until the unit reads 80% of full scale on the meter.
- d. To test linearity, expose the unit to the proper field intensity required for 20% of full scale (this value also listed in Table T-1).
- e. Note these readings on a Certificate of Calibration.
- f. Repeat this procedure for the "500 mR/h" position (using R8, the 500 mR/h calibration pot), the "50 mR/h" position (using R10, the 50 mR/h calibration pot), and the "5 mR/h" position (using R13, the 5 mR/h calibration pot).

TABLE T-1

Isotopic Calibration Table for the RSO-5

	Exposure Rate	Acceptable Meter
Range	<u>(m/R/h)</u>	Reading (mR/h)
5000 mR/h (80%)	4000	3800 - 4200
5000 mR/h (20%)	1000	900 - 1100
500 mR/h (80%)	400	380 - 420
500 mR/h (20%)	100	90 - 110
50 mR/h (80%)	40	38 - 42
50 mR/h (20%)	10	0 - 11
5 mR/h (80%)	4	3.8 - 4.2
5 mR/h (20%)	1	.9 - 1.1

Please note that these calibration values provide an accuracy well within the +/- 5% of full scale accuracy specification for the instrument.

- 4. Turn the unit off. Install a new +9V alkaline battery (MN1604 or equal) in the main battery holder. (Note: If unit is parallel-wired, battery can be installed in either holder. However, only 1 battery is required for proper operation).
- 5. Complete, date, and sign a Certificate of Calibration.

SPARE PARTS LIST BICRON RSO-5

SCHEMATIC SYMBOL	CHEMATIC SYMBOL DESCRIPTION					
·	Main PC Board A	1020010				
C5, C6	Capacitor,	33 uF,	10 V tan.	9233361		
D1, D5, D7-D11	Diode,	1N4148		9600002		
Q1	VMOS FET,	VN1 OKMA		9610003		
R4, R20, R21 R5, R8, R10, R13 R6, R9, R11, R14 R7, R12 R15 R16	Resistor, Trimpot, Resistor, Resistor, Resistor,	10 meg, 50k 33.2k, 1 meg, 3.3k, 8.45k,	1/4w, 1% 1/4w, 5%			
RN1	Res. Network,	7 x 220k		8822031		
SW3	Switch,	Rotary,	7 pos.	9560006		
U2, U3 U5	Int. Ckt., Int. Ckt.,	9650002 9640005				
	Header, Header, Circuit Board	12-pin 24-pin		9780006 9780002 9410008		
	Chamber Mtg. PC	Board Asser	mbly	1020020		
BT3-BT6	Battery, 3V lit	9750003				
C1, C2 C3 C4	Capacitor, Capacitor, Capacitor,	0.1 uF, .047 uF, 1.0 uF,	Film	9211041 9214731 9231051		
D2 D3, D4	Dicde, Dicde,	1N5242 1N4148		9600005 9600002		
R17 R18 R19	Resistor, Resistor, Resistor,	10 meg, 22 meg, 1 meg,	1/4w, 5% 1/4w, 5% 1/4w, 5%	8110054 8122054 8110044		
U4	Int. Ckt.,	MC1 4093BCI	PDS	9650001		
	Connector, Connector, Pivot Arm Assem Bracket Assembl Magnet Spring	-		9780001 9780005 9100055 9850006 9100060 9470003		

Battery PC Board Assembly	9420003			
Silica Gel Dessicant Dessicant Holder Vent Tube	9990002 9100056 9100057			
Ion Chamber Assembly	1020060			
Chamber Shell Assembly Angle Bracket (Small) Angle Bracket (Large)	9100051 9850004 9850005			
Case Top Assembly	1020140			
Handle Meter Meter Window Meter Support Bracket Meter t Face	9710001 9400012 9400011 9850002 9400022			
Case Bottom Assembly	1020050			
Slide Plate Mylar Window Slide Plate Assembly	9100039 9100058 9100036			
Miscellaneous ·				
Battery, 9V alkaline, MN1604 Potentiometer, 20k Knob, Function Knob, Zero Zero Knob Guard Calibration Pot Door With Chain Manual, Operator's Spare Parts List Schematic Circuit Diagram	9750001 9382031 9770003 9770004 9100034 9100059 1020900 1020910 1020920			

BT1 R3

Part No.	1020910				
Issue:	Date:				
Original	07/10/84				

